1. Assistive technology used for reasonable accommodation of workers with disabilities frequently results in greater safety and higher productivity for workers with disability. This is a good argument for:
2. Universal design principles
3. Human factors engineering
4. The Americans with Disability Act
5. Matching person to environment

2. Even with careful evaluation, providing a backup plan or device is important because

1. a secondary method of accomplishing a task is available if the first fails
2. the primary device may be too complicated for the user to use effectively
3. the user will need time to get used to a new device
4. the new device may not be allowed in school or work environment

3. A 56 year old with diabetes mellitus is referred for a wheelchair assessment because she is having difficulty walking and has had several falls. The first thing the ATP should assess for is

1. Strength and fatigue
2. Ability to use a motorized wheelchair vs a scooter
3. Impaired range of motion in the lower extremities
4. Impaired sensation and foot problems

4. Which of the following measurements must be considered in order for a consumer in a wheelchair to board a van?

1. Floor to top of head height
2. Seat to top of head height
3. Seat to floor height
4. Turning radius

5. Which of the following is the most important consideration in evaluating a consumer’s operational competence with an augmentative communication device?

1. Knowledge of when to speak
2. Use of strategies to handle communication breakdowns
3. Mastery of basic language skills
4. Ability to access the device efficiently and reliably